1	BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP	BINGHAM McCUTCHEN LLP
	RICHARD J. POCKER (NV Bar No. 3568)	GEOFFREY M. HOWARD (pro hac vice)
2	300 South Fourth Street, Suite 800	THOMAS S. HIXSON (pro hac vice)
	Las Vegas, NV 89101	KRISTEN A. PALUMBO (pro hac vice)
3	Telephone: (702) 382-7300	Three Embarcadero Center
	Facsimile: (702) 382-2755	San Francisco, CA 94111-4067
4	rpocker@bsfllp.com	Telephone: 415.393.2000
-	<u> </u>	Facsimile: 415.393.2286
5	BOIES, SCHILLER & FLEXNER LLP	geoff.howard@bingham.com
	STEVEN C. HOLTZMAN (pro hac vice)	thomas.hixson@bingham.com
6	FRED NORTON (pro hac vice)	kristen.palumbo@bingham.com
U	KIERAN P. RINGGENBERG (pro hac vice)	<u>kristen.paramoo @ omgnam.com</u>
7	1999 Harrison Street, Suite 900	DORIAN DALEY (pro hac vice)
,	Oakland, CA 94612	DEBORAH K. MILLER (pro hac vice)
Q	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
8	Telephone: (510) 874-1000	JAMES C. MAROULIS (pro hac vice)
9	Facsimile: (510) 874-1460	ORACLE CORPORATION
9	sholtzman@bsfllp.com	500 Oracle Parkway, M/S 5op7
10	fnorton@bsfllp.com	Redwood City, CA 94070
10	kringgenberg@bsfllp.com	Telephone: 650.506.4846
		Facsimile: 650.506.7114
11		dorian.daley@oracle.com
1.0		deborah.miller@oracle.com
12		jim.maroulis@oracle.com
13 14	Attorneys for Plaintiffs Oracle USA, Inc., Oracle America, Inc. and Oracle International Corp.	
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18	ORACLE USA, INC., a Colorado corporation;	Case No 2:10-cv-0106-LRH-PAL
10	ORACLE AMERICA, INC., a Delaware	
19	corporation; and ORACLE INTERNATIONAL	ORACLE'S RESPONSE TO RIMINI'S
1)	CORPORATION, a California corporation,	MOTION TO SEAL PORTIONS OF
20	•	ITS OPPOSITION AND CERTAIN
	Plaintiffs,	SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS
21	v.	
22	RIMINI STREET, INC., a Nevada corporation;	
	SETH RAVIN, an individual,	
23		
	Defendants.	
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-		
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1	Plaintiffs Oracle USA, Inc., Oracle America, Inc., and Oracle International Corporation		
2	(collectively "Oracle") submit this response in support of Defendant Rimini Street's ("Rimini's")		
3	motion to seal (Dkt. 265).		
4	In its motion, Rimini asked the Court to seal certain documents attached to its Appendix		
5	of Exhibits based on Oracle's designation of those documents as either Confidential or Highly		
6	Confidential under the Protective Order (Dkt. 55). Oracle supports Rimini's request, and		
7	provides the following brief descriptions to further illustrate why there is a "compelling reason"		
8	to keep these documents under seal. See Selling Source, LLC v. Red River Ventures, LLC, 2011		
9	WL 1630338, *4 (D. Nev. Apr. 29, 2011).		
10	• Exhibits 1 and 2 to Rimini's Appendix include highly confidential excerpts from		
11	the depositions of Safra Catz and Charles Phillips. Ms. Catz and Mr. Phillips		
12	have served as co-presidents of Oracle, and the excerpted portions of their		
13	depositions contain extremely sensitive discussions of Oracle's pricing policies		
14	and other business strategies related to Oracle's competitors and its customers.		
15	This information is not shared with the public, and if disclosed, could be used		
16	against Oracle in customer negotiations or in the marketplace by Oracle's		
17	competitors.		
18	• Exhibits 14 and 15 to Rimini's Appendix are highly confidential excerpts of		
19	Oracle's interrogatory responses. The responses identify some of the specific		
20	ways in which Oracle's revenue streams have been harmed by Rimini's conduct.		
21	The responses also describe certain confidential business processes within Oracle.		
22	This information is not public, and if disclosed, could harm Oracle and could be		
23	used against Oracle by its competitors.		
24	• Exhibits 16 and 18 to Rimini's Appendix are highly confidential license		
25	agreements containing terms related to Oracle's customers' use of Oracle's		
26	software. The licenses are the product of arms-length negotiations, and are not		
27	disclosed in the ordinary course. Publicizing them would undermine Oracle's		
28	ongoing licensing efforts, which are an important part of its business.		

•	Exhibits 17 and 19 to Rimini's Appendix are highly confidential excerpts of	
	Oracle's copyrighted technical documents. These documents contain valuable	
	information about Oracle software and are the subject of Oracle's first cause of	
	action for copyright infringement. Oracle only shares these documents with	
	licensees who have active support contracts. Disclosing the documents would	
	erode the documents' value and would undermine Oracle's efforts to encourage	
	its customers to renew their support contracts.	
•	Exhibits 20, 21, 22, and 23 to Rimini's Appendix are confidential and highly	

- Exhibits 20, 21, 22, and 23 to Rimini's Appendix are confidential and highly
  confidential internal communications related to Oracle's competitive analysis of
  the third-party support market and certain confidential business practices related
  to a specific customer.<sup>1</sup>
- Exhibit 3 to Rimini's Appendix at 56:12-57:8 recites terms from the highly confidential license agreement between Oracle and Crestone International, relating to CedarCrestone's use of Oracle's software. These terms are not disclosed in the ordinary course. Publicizing them would undermine Oracle's ongoing licensing efforts, which are an important part of Oracle's business.

These documents pertain to confidential pricing policies, license negotiations, internal business practices, competitive intelligence, Oracle's relationships with its customer base, and other extremely sensitive non-public information. Thus, there is a compelling reason for sealing the documents. *E.g.*, *Selling Source*, 2011 WL 1630338 at \*6 ("Where the material includes information about . . . agreements with clients, there are compelling reasons to seal the material because possible infringement of trade secrets outweighs the general public interest in understanding the judicial process."); *Golden Boy Promotions, Inc. v. Top Rank, Inc.*, 2011 WL 686362, \*2 (D. Nev. Feb. 17, 2011) (sealing records even though parties "failed to mention

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Although the expert report of Randall Davis includes highly confidential information, Oracle does not believe a Highly Confidential designation applies to the specific portion of the report that Rimini attached to its Appendix as Exhibit 5.

1	specific harms that could occur," because information was not intended to become public, and, i			
2	disclosed, could have caused business harm); Stone v. Advance America, Cash Advance Centers,			
3	Inc., 2011 WL 662972, *3 (S.D. Cal. Feb. 11, 2011) (sealing documents because they "might			
4	become a vehicle for improper purposes	become a vehicle for improper purposes in the hands of business competitors").		
5	5			
6	For the foregoing reasons, Oracle supports Rimini's request to file the documents			
7	discussed above under seal.			
8	8			
9	9 DATED: May 14, 2012	BINGHAM McCUTCHEN LLP		
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11	1	By: /s/ Geoffrey M. Howard		
12	2	Geoffrey M. Howard		
13	3	Attorneys for Plaintiffs Oracle USA, Inc., Oracle America, Inc.,		
14	4	and Oracle International Corp.		
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